

Manual

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GenCRISPR™ Ultra eSpCas9-2NLS-GMP

Cat. No.: Z03624-GMP

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Product Introduction

GenCRISPR[™] Ultra eSpCas9-2NLS-GMP is utilized for CRISPR gene editing applications. The Cas9 nuclease forms a stable ribonucleoprotein (RNP) complex with the guide RNA (gRNA) component. With the help of two nuclear localization signals (NLS) expressed with the Cas9 nuclease, the RNP complex enters the nucleus and cleaves target gene. When compared with a plasmid-based delivery system, the RNP delivery system has been observed to increase the on-target gene editing efficiency and decrease off-target effects.

GenScript provides both wild-type and mutant Cas9 nucleases in GMP Grade* for selection based on your specific downstream applications. The GMP Grade Cas9 nucleases can be utilized as ancillary materials for Cell, Gene, and Tissue-Based Products and are manufactured under the standards listed below:

- USP <1043>. Ancillary materials for Cell, Gene and Tissue-engineered products.
- ICH Q7 Good Manufacturing Practice Guide for Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients
- NMPA: Technical guidelines for pharmaceutical research and evaluation of immune cell therapy products
- Guideline and procedure specified in Chinese Pharmacopeia.

Table 1: GenCRISPR[™] Ultra Cas9 nuclease selection

Nucleases	Description
	Recombinant Cas9 nuclease (wild type) of Streptococcus
GenCRISPR™ Ultra NLS-Cas9-GMP (Cat. No. Z03623-GMP)	pyogenes; ideal choice for most CRISPR gene editing
	applications where high editing efficiency is preferred.
	Recombinant enhanced specificity Cas9 nuclease (mutant) of
GenCRISPR™ Ultra eSpCas9-2NLS-	Streptococcus pyogenes; ideal for CRISPR gene editing
GMP (Cat. No. Z03624-GMP)	applications which require low off-target effects and robust
	on-target cleavage.

Product Name: GenCRISPR™ Ultra eSpCas9-2NLS-GMP

Source: Recombinant mutant Cas9 with nuclear localization signal (NLS) at both N-terminal and C-

terminal expressed in E.coli

Species: S. pyogenes

Tag: Tag-free

Theoretical Molecular Weight: ~160 kDa

Concentration: 10 mg/ml

Active Temperature: Optimal at 37 °C.

Application: sgRNA-dependent double-stranded DNA cleavage.

Storage Buffer: 25 mM Tris-HCl, 300 mM NaCl, 0.1 mM EDTA, 50% Glycerol, pH 8.0.

Storage & Stability: Store at -20 °C for up to 12 months from the date of manufacture. Avoid repeated

freeze-thaw cycles. Do not store below -20 °C!

*GMP Grade is a specific term that GenScript uses to describe the Cas9 nucleases manufactured in GMP-complaint facility and in compliance with guidelines of Current Good Manufacturing Practice (cGMP), ISO 9001 and ISO 13485 quality management system standards with stringent process controls and complete documentation records. GenScript is capable of providing documents, site audits, and other support to help with the applications of your projects in specific regions.



Contents

Contents	Cat. No.	Amount	Concentration	Storage
GenCRISPR™ Ultra eSpCas9-2NLS-GMP	Z03624-GMP-2.5	2.5 mg	10 mg/ml	-20 °C
	Z03624-GMP-5	5 mg	TO ING/IIII	

Reagents Required But Not Provided

- 1. Guide RNA
 - GenCRISPR sgRNA Synthesis Kit (Cat. No. L00694) or
 - CRISPR Synthetic sgRNA Services (see genscript.com)
- 2. Homology-Directed Repair (HDR) Knock-in Templates
 - Single-stranded DNA Synthesis Services (see genscript.com) or
 - Double-strand DNA Synthesis Services (see genscript.com)
- 3. Reagents and instrument for electroporation
- 4. GenCRISPR Mutation Detection Kit (Cat. No. L00688)
- 5. GenCRISPR T7 Endonuclease I (Cat. No. 203396)
- 6. 1 × TE buffer, pH 8.0 and nuclease-free water



gRNA and HDR Template Preparation

If GMP Grade sgRNA from GenScript Synthetic sgRNA Service is being used, please keep the RNA oligonucleotides tightly sealed at -20 °C for long-term storage and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. We recommend working in a sterile environment, and using Nuclease-free pipette tips and tubes.

- 1. Centrifuge tube(s) at 12,000 rpm for 2 min at 4 °C before opening to ensure RNA oligos are at the bottom of the tube(s).
- Resuspend oligos in nuclease-free TE buffer to reach the appropriate stocking solution concentration. For example, for making 100 μM stocking solution:

Normalized Oligo Quantity Delivered (nmol)	Nuclease-free TE buffer (µl)
2	20
4	40
10	100
50	500

3. Vortex for 15 seconds and centrifuge for 1 minute at 12,000 rpm, make sure the gRNA is completely dissolved.

Note: Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles after dissolving. If necessary, divide the stocking solution into small aliquots, and centrifuge for 30 seconds at 4,000 rpm to ensure all solutions are at the bottom of the tubes. Stocking solutions with high concentration (e.g. 100 μ M) can be stored at -20 °C for 12 months.

4. Prepare working solutions by adding appropriate amount of nuclease-free water to the stocking solution.

Note: If starting with frozen stocking solution, leave the solution at 4 °C for 30 min to thaw. Then vortex for 15 seconds and centrifuge for 30 seconds at 4,000 rpm to ensure all solutions are at the bottom of the tubes. Working solutions with lower concentration (e.g. 25 μ M) can be stored at -20 °C for 3 months.

Homology-Directed Repair (HDR) Knock-in Templates Preparation (Optional)

If HDR DNA templates are being used to perform gene knock-in with CRISPR gene editing system, Homology-Directed Repair (HDR) Knock-in Templates Synthesis Service from GenScript is highly recommended. Please find the detailed user manual for HDR knock-in templates preparation at **genscript.com**.



Transfect Primary T cells with GenCRISPR™ Ultra eSpCas9-2NLS-GMP using Lonza 4D-Nucleofector® Electroporation System

Before starting						
1. Prepare required amount of primary T cells for gene editing						
	Isolate primary T cells from peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMC) and activate the cells			he cells		
	using appropriate reagents and methods.					
	• Culture the cells in an incubator (37 °C, 5% CO ₂) for 3 days before electroporation to obtain					obtain
	optimal gene editing efficiency.					
Prepare reagents and cells	2. Conversio	2. Conversion formula for eSpCas9 nuclease:				
	Cat. No. Concentration Mass Molar weight Volume					
	Z03624	-GMP 10 mg/ml	1000 ng	6.25 pmol	0.1 μl	
	Note: the m	utant eSpCas9 may hav	e different	preference to sg	RNA for specific targe	t genes
	compared to	wild type SpCas9, it's	recommen	ded to screen a	most appropriate sgl	RNA for
	eSpCas9 spe	cifically.				
	1. For Reco	nmended Reaction Con	ditions Usir	ng GenCRISPR™ I	Ultra NLS-Cas9-GMP ((Cat. No.
	Z03623-G	MP) or GenCRISPR™ Ult	ra eSpCas9-	2NLS-GMP (Cat.	No. Z03624-GMP) with	Neon™
	electropo	ration system or 4D-Nuc	leofector®	electroporation s	system, please see App	endix 2
Summary of recommended	in page 8.					
reaction system	2. For Reco	nmended Reaction Con	ditions Usir	ng GenCRISPR™ I	Ultra NLS-Cas9-GMP ((Cat. No.
	Z03623-GMP) or GenCRISPR™ Ultra eSpCas9-2NLS-GMP (Cat. No. Z03624-GMP) with Lonza					
	4D-Nucleofector [®] Electroporation System for scale-up transfection, please see Appendix 2 in					
	page 8.					
Cell Transfection						
	1. On the day of transfection, add primary T cell-specific growth medium to a 48-well plate and					
pre-warm it at 37 °C. Transfer 240 ul complete growth medium for primary T			n for primary T cell cult	ure into		
Step 1: Prepare cell culture	 Prepare cell culture each well of the 48-well-plate, incubate at 37 °C again to pre-warm. Prepare the electroporation transfection reagents for transfection. Set the electroportion transfection reagents for transfection. 					
medium				oration		
	program prior to transfection.					
	1. Mix GenCRISPR [™] Ultra eSpCas9-2NLS-GMP and sgRNA at an appropriate molar ratio (e.g. 1:2)					
	p 2: Prepare the RNP a Section 2010 and transfection methods.					
				t genes,		
Chan D. Durana the DND						
Step 2: Prepare the RNP				1		
Complex	Reag			Amour	າເ	
	$(Cat No. 702624 (CMP)) = 0.4 \mu\text{J}, 25 \text{pr}$			25 pmol (~4000 ng)		
		Δ			50 pmol (~1515 pg)	-
	Electronoration buffer			-		
	Total	reaction volume		<u><u></u> <u></u> </u>		1



cubate the mix solution at 37 °C or room temperature for 15-30 min to assemble the RNP mplex (~ 25 pmol).
ntrifuge the cells for 10 minutes at 300 g at room temperature, completely remove the cell ture supernatant.
ash the cells with $1 \times DPBS$ or $1 \times PBS$, centrifuge the cells for 10 min at 300 g at room nperature, and completely remove the supernatant.
pirate 16 μ l electroporation buffer to suspend approximately 1.0 × 10 ⁶ cells, mix thoroughly.
pirate 16 μ l of the cell suspension (from Step 3.3) and add to the RNP complex in
ectroporation buffer (from Step 2). If performing gene knock-in experiment, aspirate 16 μ l
l suspension (from step 3.3) and 1-3 μg of HDR donor template to the RNP complex in
ectroporation (from step 2), mix thoroughly.
e primary T cells-specific electroporation reagents from Lonza to proceed with the
ectroporation according to Lonza's P3 Primary Cell 4D-Nucleofector™ X Kit (Cat. No. SV4XP-
32) protocol. If electroporation reagents from other vendors are applied, please refer to
e specific protocols.
te: 1) Avoid creating bubbles when pipetting and mixing reagents;
2) After mixing the RNP complex with the cells, immediately proceed with the
inspection.
$r_{\rm ref}$ (from Step 1.1). Culture the cells in an incubator (37 °C .5% CO ₂) for 3-6 days
Gene Editing Efficiency Analysis
ethods for gene editing efficiency analysis at different levels:
Genome level- NGS and Sanger sequencing are generally used to determine gene editing
efficiency precisely. GenScript is one of the most reliable vendors providing sequencing
service, please see genscript.com or contact <u>seq@genscript.com</u> for more information.
Iranslational level- fluorescence-activated cell sorting (FACS) is generally used to
determine the gene editing efficiency at functional level. Note: Specific antibodies against
target protein are required if performing FACS assay.
For genome-wide on-target enciency, Genscript is providing on-target monitoring service
information
Alternatively, use the GenCRISPR Mutation Detection Kit (Cat. No. 100688) to verify the
gene editing efficiency for knock-out assays.
poceed with downstream applications as needed.



Appendix 1: Quality Control Specifications

GenCRISPR[™] Ultra eSpCas9-2NLS-GMP (Cat. No. Z03624-GMP) is manufactured in compliance with ISO 13485 and GMP quality management system standards and with stringent process controls and complete documentation records. GenCRISPR[™] Ultra eSpCas9-2NLS-GMP (Cat. No. Z03624-GMP) meets the following quality control specifications.

Assay	Specifications
Appearance	Clear, colorless, liquid
	≥ 95% as analyzed by SDS-PAGE
Purity	≥ 95% as analyzed by SEC-HPLC
Concentration by A280	10 mg/ml ± 1 mg/ml
Bioactivity (in vitro)	≥ 85%
Residual DNase	≤ 10 ng/mg
Residual RNase	≤1 ng/mg
Endotoxin Level	< 10 EU/mg
Residual HCP	≤ 10 ng/mg
Residual HCD	≤1 ng/mg
Mycoplasma	< LOD
Sterility	Sterile



Appendix 2: Recommended Reaction Conditions Using Different Electroporation Instruments

The following reaction conditions for cell transfection using GenCRISPR[™] Ultra NLS-Cas9-GMP (Cat. No. Z03623-GMP) or GenCRISPR[™] Ultra eSpCas9-2NLS-GMP (Cat. No. Z03624-GMP) with Neon[™] electroporation system or 4D-Nucleofector[®] electroporation system are recommended as a starting point. Further optimization may be needed for best performance.

Neon [™] electroporation system for cell lines and primary T cells			
	GenCRISPR™ Ultra NLS-Cas9-GMP	GenCRISPR™ Ultra eSpCas9-2NLS-GMP	
Case nuclease	(Cat. No. Z03623-GMP)	(Cat. No. Z03624-GMP)	
Cell numbers	2.0 × 1	0 ⁵ -5.0 × 10 ⁵	
Cas9: sgRNA (molar ratio)	1:1-1:3		
RNP amount	2.5-15 pmol	5-15 pmol	
HDR donor	0.5-1 μg		
Electroporation volume	10 µl		
4D-Nucleofector [®] electroporation system for cell lines and primary T cells			
	GenCRISPR™ Ultra NLS-Cas9-GMP	GenCRISPR™ Ultra eSpCas9-2NLS-GMP	
Case Huclease	(Cat. No. Z03623-GMP)	(Cat. No. Z03624-GMP)	
Cell numbers	0.4×10^{6} - 1.0×10^{6}		
Cas9: sgRNA (molar ratio)	1:1-1:5		
RNP amount	18.75-80 pmol 25-80 pmol		
HDR donor	1-3 µg		
Electroporation volume	20 μl		

1. Transfection using Neon[™] or 4D-Nucleofector[®] electroporation system in small scale assays

2. Transfection using 4D-Nucleofector[®] electroporation system in large scale (100μl) assays in primary T cells

4D-Nucleofector [®] electroporation system for primary T cells			
Case puclease	GenCRISPR™ Ultra NLS-Cas9-GMP	GenCRISPR™ Ultra eSpCas9-2NLS-GMP	
Cass Indelease	(Cat. No. Z03623-GMP)	(Cat. No. Z03624-GMP)	
Cell numbers	5.0 × 10 ⁶		
Cas9: sgRNA (molar ratio)	1:2		
RNP amount	125 pmol		
Electroporation volume	100 µl		



Appendix 3: Case Studies



1. Consistent high knockout efficiency in primary T cells using different grade Cas9 nucleases

Figure 1: TRAC knock-out in primary T cells using GMP, basic GMP and RUO Grade GenCRISPR[™] Ultra Cas9 or GenCRISPR[™] Ultra eSpCas9 with Lonza 4D-Nucleofector[®] electroporation system. The cells were transfected with GenCRISPR[™] Ultra NLS-SpCas9-Research (Cat. No. Z03621), GenCRISPR[™] Ultra NLS-SpCas9basic GMP (Cat. No. Z03623), GenCRISPR[™] Ultra NLS-SpCas9-GMP (Cat. No. Z03623-GMP) or GenCRISPR[™] Ultra eSpCas9-2NLS-Research (Cat. No. Z03622), GenCRISPR[™] Ultra eSpCas9-2NLS-basic GMP (Cat. No. Z03624), GenCRISPR[™] Ultra eSpCas9-2NLS-GMP (Cat. No. Z03624-GMP) and sgRNA (synthesized by GenScript CRISPR Synthetic sgRNA Services) for human *TRAC* gene knock-out by Lonza 4D-Nucleofector[®] electroporation. After transfection and cell culture, the *TRAC* knock-out efficiency was measured by FACS. This data indicated that GMP, basic GMP and RUO Grade GenCRISPR[™] Ultra Cas9 or GenCRISPR[™] Ultra eSpCas9 enable consistent high gene editing efficiency in primary T cells.

Cell Type:	Primary T cells
Transfection Method:	Electroporation
Target Gene:	TRAC
Cell Amount:	1.0 × 10^6 cells
Cas9:sgRNA ratio:	1:2
RNP Amount:	25 pmol

Note: This experiment used the following:



2. Consistent high editing efficiency in primary T cells in different electroporation scale



Figure 2: *TRAC* knock-out in primary T cells using GMP Grade GenCRISPR™ Ultra Cas9 or GenCRISPR™ Ultra eSpCas9 with Lonza 4D-Nucleofector® electroporation system in different electroporation scale. Human primary T cells were cultured for the test. The cells were transfected with GenCRISPR™ Ultra NLS-SpCas9-GMP (Cat. No. Z03623-GMP) or GenCRISPR™ Ultra eSpCas9-2NLS-GMP (Cat. No. Z03624-GMP), and sgRNA (synthesized by GenScript CRISPR Synthetic sgRNA Services) for human *TRAC* gene knock-out by electroporation in a small scale of 20 µl reaction volume and a scale-up of 100 µl reaction volume, respectively. After transfection and cell culture, the *TRAC* knock-out efficiency was measured by FACS. The data indicated that GMP Grade GenCRISPR™ Ultra Cas9 and GenCRISPR™ Ultra eSpCas9 maintain consistent high editing efficiency in different electroporation scale.

Electroporation Scale	20 µl	100 µl
Cas9 Nuclease Amount	4 μg / 25 pmol	20 μg / 125 pmol
Cell Amount	1.0 × 10^6 cells	5.0 × 10^6 cells
Cas9: sgRNA (molar ratio)	1:2	1:2
RNP Amount	25 pmol	125 pmol

Note: This experiment used the following:



3. High knock-in efficiency in primary T cells using GMP Grade GenCRISPR[™] Ultra Cas9 and Ultra eSpCas9 Nuclease



Figure 3: GFP gene knock-in at *TRAC* site in primary T cells using GMP Grade GenCRISPR[™] Ultra Cas9 or GenCRISPR[™] Ultra eSpCas9 with Lonza 4D-Nucleofector[®] electroporation system. The primary T cells were transfected with GenCRISPR[™] Ultra NLS-SpCas9-GMP (Cat. No. Z03623-GMP) or GenCRISPR[™] Ultra eSpCas9-2NLS-GMP (Cat. No. Z03624-GMP), and sgRNA (synthesized by GenScript CRISPR Synthetic sgRNA Services) as well as dsDNA HDR template (synthesized by GenScript Double-strand DNA Synthesis Services) for *GFP* gene knock-in at *TRAC* site in primary T cells by electroporation. After transfection and cell culture, the gene knock-in efficiency was analyzed by FACS. Both GenScript GenCRISPR[™] Ultra NLS-SpCas9-GMP (Z03623-GMP) and GenCRISPR[™] Ultra eSpCas9-2NLS-GMP (Z03624-GMP) maintain high gene knock-in efficiency in primary T cells.

Cell Type:	Primary T cells
Transfection Method:	Electroporation
Target Gene:	TRAC
Gene Knocked-in:	GFP
Cell Amount :	1.0 × 10^6 cells
Cas9:sgRNA ratio:	1:2
RNP Amount:	25 pmol

Note: This experiment used the following:



4. High knockout efficiency in cell lines using GMP Grade GenCRISPR[™] Ultra Cas9 and Ultra eSpCas9 Nuclease



CIITA, GM-CSF and TGFBR2 knock-out in Jurkat cells

Figure 4: *CIITA, GM-CSF* and *TGFBR2* knockout in Jurkat cells using GMP Grade GenCRISPR[™] Ultra SpCas9 or GenCRISPR[™] Ultra eSpCas9 Nuclease with Neon[™] electroporation system. Jurkat cells were cultured for the test. The cells were transfected with GenCRISPR[™] Ultra NLS-SpCas9-GMP (Cat. No. Z03623-GMP) or GenCRISPR[™] Ultra eSpCas9-2NLS-GMP (Cat. No. Z03624-GMP) or Cas9 proteins from other vendors, and sgRNA (synthesized by GenScript CRISPR Synthetic sgRNA Services) for *CIITA, GM-CSF* and *TGFBR2* gene knockout by electroporation. After transfection and cell culture, the gene editing efficiency was analyzed by Sanger sequencing. Both GenScript GenCRISPR[™] Ultra NLS-SpCas9-GMP (Cat. No. Z03623-GMP) and GenCRISPR[™] Ultra eSpCas9-2NLS-GMP (Cat. No. Z03624-GMP) maintain high gene knockout efficiency in Jurkat cells.

Cell Type:	Jurkat cells
Transfection Method:	Electroporation
Target Gene:	CIITA, GM-CSF, TGFBR2
Cell Amount:	0.5 × 10^6 cells
Cas9:sgRNA ratio:	1:3
RNP Amount:	7.5 pmol

Note: This experiment used the following:



References

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For laboratory research or clinical research and manufacturing of cell-based products. Direct human use, including taking orally and injection are forbidden.

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