GenScript Make Research Easy

Rev04 Update: Mar,01,2022 DATASHEET

## GRO- $\alpha$ /KC/CXCL1, Mouse(CHO-expressed)

Cat. No.: Z03141

## **Product Introduction**

Mouse
GRO-α (Ala25-Lys96) Accession # P12850
> 95% as analyzed by SDS-PAGE > 95% as analyzed by HPLC
< 0.2 EU/µg of protein by gel clotting method
Active at 10.0 ng/ml, measured in a tube formation assay using HUVEC cells.
СНО
5~7 kDa, on SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions.
Lyophilized after extensive dialysis against PBS.
It is recommended that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Reconstitute the lyophilized powder in ddH <sub>2</sub> O or PBS up to 100 $\mu$ g/ml.
Upon receiving, this product remains stable for up to 6 months at lower than -70°C. Upon reconstitution, the product should be stable for up to 1 week at 4°C or up to 3 months at -20°C. For long term storage it is recommended that a carrier protein (example 0.1% BSA) be added. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

## Background

**Target Background :** GRO-α/KC/CXCL1 coded by CXCL1 gene at chromosome 5 is approximately 63% identity to that of mouse MIP2. KC is also approximately 60% identical to the human GROs. Mouse KC is a potent neutrophil attractant and activator. The functional receptor for KC has been identified as CXCR2. Based on the pattern of KC expression in a number of inflammatory disease models, KC appears to have an important role in inflammation. KC was found to be involved in monocyte arrest on atherosclerotic endothelium and may also play a pathophysiological role in Alzheimer's disease.

**Synonyms :** Growth Regulated Protein/Melanoma Growth Stimulatory Activity; GRO α; MGSA α; CXCL1; NAP-3; GRO1; KC (murine); CINC (rat)



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