

Rev03 Update: Dec,14,2021

## DATASHEET

## IL-17F, Human

Cat. No.: Z02713

## **Product Introduction**

Human
Expressed with an N-terminal Met.
IL-17F (Arg31-Gln163) Accession # Q96PD4
> 95% as analyzed by SDS-PAGE
> 95% as analyzed by HPLC
< 1 EU/µg of protein by LAL method
Fully biologically active when compared to standard. The ED <sub>50</sub> as determined by inducing IL-6 secretion of murine NIH/3T3 cells is less than 20.0 ng/ml, corresponding to a specific activity of > $5.0 \times 10^4$ IU/mg.
E. coli
30.1 kDa
Lyophilized from a 0.2 $\mu m$ filtered solution in PBS, pH 7.2, with trehalose.
It is recommended that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Reconstitute the lyophilized powder in 4 mM HCl up to 100 $\mu$ g/ml
Upon receiving, this product remains stable for up to 6 months at -70°C or -20°C. Upon reconstitution, the product should be stable for up to 1 week at 4°C or up to 3 months at -

## Background

**Target Background :** Human IL-17F is synthesized as a 153 aa precursor with a 20 aa signal sequence and a 133 aa mature region. Like IL-17A, IL-17F contains one potential site for N-linked glycosylation. IL-17A and IL-17F share 50% aa sequence identity. IL17-F homodimer is produced by an activated subset of CD4<sup>+</sup> T cells, termed Th17. IL17-F has been shown to stimulate proliferation and activation of T-cells and PBMCs. IL-17F also regulates cartilage matrix turnover and inhibits angiogenesis.

Synonyms: Interleukin-17F; IL17F



For laboratory research use only. Direct human use, including taking orally and injection and clinical use are forbidden.