

## TFF-1, Human

**Cat. No.:** Z02808-1

**Size:** 1.0 mg

**Synonyms:** Trefoil Factor 1 ( TFF-1), Human;

### Description:

The Trefoil Factor peptides (TFF1, TFF2 and TFF3) are expressed in the gastrointestinal tract, and appear to play an important role in intestinal mucosal defense and repair. TFF1 is essential for normal differentiation of the antral and pyloric gastric mucosa and functions as a gastric-specific tumor suppressor gene.

### Amino Acid Sequence:

00001 EAQTETCTVA PRERQNCGFP GVTSPQCANK GCCFDDTVRG  
00041 VPWCFYPNTI DVPPEEECEF

**Source:** *E. coli*

**Species:** Human

**Biological Activity:** Fully biologically active when compared to standard. The ED<sub>50</sub> as determined by a chemotaxis bioassay using human MCF-7 cells is less than 10 µg/ml, corresponding to a specific activity of □ 100 IU/mg.

**Molecular Weight:** Approximately 6.7 kDa, containing 60 amino acids, which includes a 40-amino acid trefoil motif, containing three conserved intramolecular disulfide bonds.

**Formulation:** Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered concentrated solution in 20 mM PB, pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl.

**Appearance:** Sterile Filtered White lyophilized (freeze-dried) powder.

**Reconstitution:** We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Reconstitute in sterile distilled water or aqueous buffer containing 0.1 % BSA to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Stock solutions should be apportioned into working aliquots and stored at ≤ -20 °C. Further dilutions should be made in appropriate buffered solutions.

**Purity:** > 97 % by SDS-PAGE and HPLC analyses.

**Endotoxin Level:** Less than 1 EU/µg of rHuTFF1 as determined by LAL method.

**Storage:** This lyophilized preparation is stable at 2-8 °C, but should be kept at -20 °C for long term storage, preferably desiccated. Upon reconstitution, the preparation is stable for up to one week at 2-8 °C. For maximal stability, apportion the reconstituted preparation into working aliquots and store at -20 °C to -70 °C. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.