

IL-3, Mouse

Cat. No.: Z02765-10

Size: 10.0 ug

Synonyms: Interleukin-3 (IL-3), Mouse;

Description:

IL-3 is a hematopoietic growth factor that promotes the survival, differentiation and proliferation of committed progenitor cells of the megakaryocyte, granulocyte-macrophage, erythroid, eosinophil, basophil and mast cell lineages. Produced by T cells, mast cells and eosinophils, IL-3 enhances thrombopoiesis, phagocytosis, and antibody-mediated cellular cytotoxicity. Its ability to activate monocytes suggests that IL-3 may have additional immunoregulatory roles. Many of the IL-3 activities depend upon co-stimulation with other cytokines. IL-3 is species-specific, variably glycosylated cytokine.

Amino Acid Sequence:

00001 DTHRLTRTLN CSSIVKEIIG KLPEPELKTD DEGSLRNKS
00041 FRRVNLSKQV ESQGEVDPED RYVIKSNLQK LNCCLPTSAN
00081 DSALPGVFIR DLDDFRKKLR FYMVHLNDLE TVLTSRPPQP
00121 ASGSVSPNRG TVEC

Source: *E. coli*

Species: Mouse

Biological Activity: Fully biologically active when compared to standard. The ED₅₀ as determined by the dose-dependent stimulation of the proliferation of murine M-NFS-60 cells is less than 0.05 ng/ml, corresponding to a specific activity of $> 2 \times 10^7$ IU/mg.

Molecular Weight: Approximately 14.8 kDa globular protein containing 134 amino acid residues.

Formulation: Lyophilized from a 0.2 μ m filtered solution in PBS, pH 7.4.

Appearance: Sterile Filtered White lyophilized (freeze-dried) powder.

Reconstitution: We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Reconstitute in sterile distilled water or aqueous buffer containing 0.1 % BSA to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Stock solutions should be apportioned into working aliquots and stored at ≤ -20 °C. Further dilutions should be made in appropriate buffered solutions.

Purity: > 98 % by SDS-PAGE and HPLC analyses.

Endotoxin Level: Less than 1 EU/ μ g of rMuIL-3 as determined by LAL method.

Storage: This lyophilized preparation is stable at 2-8 °C, but should be kept at -20 °C for long term storage, preferably desiccated. Upon reconstitution, the preparation is stable for up to one week at 2-8 °C. For maximal stability, apportion the reconstituted preparation into working aliquots and store at -20 °C to -70 °C. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.